TOPSIDE

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THE ENTERING - OR LEAVING?

by M.B. Smith

With atomic energy we are crossing a threshold, but are we entering to just leaving?

Nuch has been said and written about the awful devastation which read to caused by an atomic war. It has been suggested, and with just a roce, that such a war probably would wipe out civilization, leaving the remarks, of the human race in atavistic savagery, if there were any remarks. Dr. Hugh Keenleyside, former Under Secretary of State for Carnal Affairs for Canada estimates that there are in existence at the resent time more than 150,000 nuclear devices, many more than required to do the job!

Consider what happens when an atom bomb explodes. The fission process which comprises the explosion releases encrmous quantities of energy which originates within even the hottest star. If only ten per cent of the energy available in Uranium 235 or Plutonium were suddenly converted into heat, the temperature of the mass would jump to the order of fifty tillion degrees centrigrade. Even if the blast were diluted by five hundred times as much inert material as there was active material, the temperature would still be of the order of one hundred million degrees.

Now, the temperature of the sun, so we determine it, is about six whousand degrees on the surmee and about ten or twenty million degrees in the interior. It is presumed to derive its energy from the conversion of paregraph to helium through an intermediate cycle involving carbon, oxygen it mitrogen, which cycle progresses very smoothly at the sun's temperature. It, however, the sun's temperature were much higher the hydrogen could make the time delay and enterium, tritium, and helium, without madia of the time delay and stabilizing action of the carbon-nitrogenergen cycle, and would produce most probably an explosion of increasing agnetual commission of the gases produced a sufficient drop in temperature states the reaction.

Support that on even bomb (either fishion or fusion type) landed in a large body of Arcol water such as one of our Great Lakes, and furthermore, that it wash to a considerable depth before exploding. The explosion, when it did take place would be confined by walls of water consisting largely of hydrogen, since two thirds of the atoms in water are hydrogen. Before the babble of hot gases resulting from the explosion could overcome the inertia of the water and rise to the surface, it is almost certain that the water directly in contact with the blast would be heated to temperatures contarable with that of the blast itself, one hundred million degrees or hotter. At such a derpotature the hydrogen in the water would be in prime condition to convert directly into belium and would in fact become a Whydrogen both' viti. the rolesse of about the same or greater energy per unit mass as was released for Them the service material of the book itself. Consequently, a thermo-nuclear chain reaction would probably set in which would be cumulative and salf prepagating. Once initiated it would continue increasing in intensity until stopped by either a lack of hydrogen or the eventual drop in temperature of the expanding gases. In any case the reaction would probably persist until East of the available hydrogen had gone up in helium.

Should such a thing happen, even by accident, and an atom bomb explose deep in one of our fresh water lakes, with thousands of tons of hydrogen challable, there could result a blast of such intensity that it would entured the entire planet in a few seconds, vaporizing everything on its surface and maybe even chattering the core, and producing a celestial display visible throughout our galaxy. Unfortunately, we would be in no position to observe it as we would have ceased to exist.

The foregoing is not idle speculation. It is based on the same deta, calculations and measurements which produced the atom bomb, and the fact of the bomb is grim testimony to its potentialities. We may well east oursolver the question - we are crossing the threshold, but are us entering or just leaving?

U. P. C. HEAR OFTAMA, CHTARTO

Described by Mr. L.A. Christink

The object was sighted on the Seth of Cetobor, 1950 at approximately 7:35 a.m., which of the city of Ottowa, on the Quebee side of the Ottowa riter. The object appeared very high and crossed the river towards Ontario. The oky was appeared as a vapor trail or extent, was that of an clongated egg. The shape of the object and the fact that the vapor brail did not linger at all made it appear entirely different from a usual jet direct the sighting. He scurd was heard, due to vehicle noise and possibly the height of the object. The object travelled too fast to have been a weather balloon and was visible for approximately treaty-five minutes. For persons with eased this sighting.

About half past en on the night of April 15th, I was flying an RCAF Harderd Aircraft in an area some fifteen miles east of the city of Cttawa. I had completed a cross-country flight and was just puting in time until eleven o'clock when a very intense flashing blue light caught my attention.

It was a very dark night with no visible horizon and I could not immediately decide whether the light wason the ground or airborne. By its intensity I thought it might possibly be someone operating an electric arc welder. However, at that point a commercial aircraft proceeding east along the airway from Ottawa to Contreal passed below that light and I realized t that it must be airborne.

I started towards it and the light moved off towards the east, gradually climbing and flashing on and off at a frequency of about once per second. I followed it to 8000 feet at a point near Vankleek Hill but was mable to close the gap as the light continued to climb and outspace my slow aircraft. Realizing I'd by late checking in at Rockcliffe and that the chase was a bit futile. I broke off and, using my extra height to gain a little speed, set course for base at about 200 knots.

About ten miles out and at a thousand foot altitude I called the tower and received landing instructions. Turning to join the traffic pattern I glancod over my shoulder and was rather startled to see the flashing light just behind my aircraft.

I lost sight of the UFO during the landing procedure and on taxing in could not again locate it. I could not judge its size or distance although it appeared to be quite close during most of the chase. No structure nor physical detail was visible at any time.

NET PRINCIPLES IN QUANTUE L'ECHANICS, A REVIEW W.B. Smith

Dr. H. C. Dudley, Chief of the Radio-Isotope Laboratory at the U.S. Naval Mospital in St. Albans, N. Y., has had the courage to challenge the erchodoxy of modern science in his new book, NEW PRINCIPLES IN QUALITURE Mailics, Exposition Press, New York. The following extracts will do than any reviewer to set forth this challenge.

"The key to how scientists have misled themselves, and therefore the rest of mankind, is in the wedding of Mathematics and Philosophy. and their adoption of the infant Science circa 1800. In the following four chapters is given an analysis of the mental processes which have led us to conclusions that are so firmly embedded in our consciousness as to be considered "scientific truths". Yet these truths have never been observed by any man. Strange creatures, He Home sapiens!

postulates of modern theories who doubted the logic on which they rest.
Noreover, these men resented the use of the promotional methods of the
market place, which were blatantly used to fasten on the minds of men, at
all levels of culture, what many considered to be a false scientific doctrine
dertain of these men, having the courage of their convictions, published
books reporting on various aspects of the situation as they saw it at first
hand.

"To dismiss all such publications as the work of crack-pots, as the

"There were some men who lived during the development of the basic

renown, respected in their fields of specialization. In order that students of the physical sciences may know that there were (and are now!) other views in fundamental physical theories than are presented in recent physics texts, there follow reviews of the more portinent of these works.

"Because scientists, mathematicians, and philosophers have for conturies wrestled with the idea of an absolute, mathematicians have mes-

railings of "cranks rebelling against eh father-image of established authority", is to belittle the work of technically trained men of high

conturies wrestled with the idea of an absolute, mathematicians have mesterized themselves into believing that by setting up two frames of reference they have in some way eliminated the need for an absolute plane or point of reference. But by the system of two frames of reference they establish the most unstable of points of reference, man his-self. Such egotise!

mathematical concept of two frames of reference. For in following that Pied Piper mathematician and theoreticians actually describe two entirely new planes of existence, worlds built of imaginary geometries and mental aberations. They have thus indeed deluded themselves into believing that "man is the measure of all things, and there is no other measure".

"If there is, or ever was, such as a device of the devil it is the

"Thus again we see how the minds of men, be they scientists, mathematicians, or philosophers, can be swayed by emphasis and selected data. The techniques of modern advertising and propaganda are centures old, and under any other name are especially effective if their devotees are convinced they are right.

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.......

"In reading the popularized histories of relativity, one notes that when the Theory of Relativity was first propounded, only a dosen or so parsons had the mental stature to understand the theory. Tacitly, and subtly, it brought out that these intellectual giants were so far removed from the garden variety of scientists who objected to the theory that the crit criticism was but like the babbling of children. It is here that we see the beginnings of the most successful and sustained application of the "big lie" propaganda technique that men has ever foisted upon himself. Repeat! Repeat! Ignore or belittle criticism. Those who do not agree will pass. And a scientific "fact", a "truth", becomes fastened in the minds of men at all levels of culture.

"Consider also that the eminent German mathematician Hilbert once defined mathematics as a game played, according to certain rules, with meaningless marks on paper. The following is addressed to the professional mathematicians: You have devloped many complex games, played with may unintelligible marks on paper. You have invented many new games utilizing many "markers", "checkers", or "men". You have changed the rules of the game at will, and often in the middle of the game. You, the professionally trained mathematicians, are the only men who really understand what you are doing, and for that reason most men stand in awe. Your vanity is tickled, and you have found the answer for that human urge, a feeling of superiority. You have acquired "status",

"There are some of you who doubt where you are heading, but the great, great majority are convinced that your course is correctly plotted. Are you prepared to accept the responsibility, should your navigation prove faulty? The experimenter, too busy being a high-level technician and gadgeteer has entrusted his leadership to your hands. He is dealing not with marks on pieces of paper, but with forces that are beyond your comprehension, unless you have actually observed a nuclear explosion. Are you and your craft prepared to stand before the bar of history and defend your present position?"

Part two of Dr. Dudley's book deals with the consequences of the postulation of a particulate universe and the fact that such a universe would be quite consistent with that within which we live, and incidently, not nearly such a mathematical monstrosity.

It is unfortunate that Dr. Dudley, did not understand, or was not prepared to accept the fact of the field nature of Time, because this concept combined with the excellent work set forth in this book would have rounded out the picture and offered a very much simpler, more readily understandable, and probably more roalistic representation of the universe in which we live.

For anyone who has sufficient scientific background to appreciate these things, this book is highly recommended. It is most disturing, but may be we cught to be disturbed.